Surface sterilization using LF-Microwave Hybrid Plasma at Atmospheric Pressure

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The plasma sterilization method has outstandingcharacteristics such as a short treatment time, non-toxicity and low thermaldamages on the surface of the materials. The effect of the plasma sterilizationdepends on plasma operating parameters such as input power, gasses flow rateand driving frequency. We have developed a new type of atmospheric-pressurenon-equilibrium plasma source that combine microwave plasma with the LF (lowFrequency) plasma as a hybrid plasma. The aim of this study is to investigate asurface sterilization effect using our self-designed LF-Microwave hybrid plasmasource at atmospheric pressure. The hybrid plasma source is composed of rectangularwave guide which contains surrounding a cylindrical slotted antenna surroundinga quartz discharge tube, and LF discharge system which was installed in thequartz discharge. At the start of operation, an LF plasma is generated byapplying a LF high voltage (10 kHz, 7 kV) to a cylindrical electrode at the atmosphericpressure. After the ignition of LF plasma, MW-LF hybrid plasma is produced byintroducing the pulsed microwave in the rectangular waveguide. By using thecontinuous and pulsed microwave, the biological indicator having spore

formingbacteria of 3x10⁶ CFU/carrier were sterilized in 3 min and 10 minfor hybrid plasma at the atmospheric pressure, respectively. The temperature of the biological indicators installation position were about 105°C and 90°C, respectively. It is considered that the plasma sterilization was achieved by the effect of oxygen radicals and hydroxyl radicals produced by the hybrid plasma.