
Effect of Interface on the Structure and Ferro-electric Property of Y-doped HfO₂ Thin Films Prepared by Reactive Magnetron Co-Sputtering

Jun Xu ¹, Yu Zhang ¹, Da-Yu Zhou ¹, Wen-Qi Lu ¹, Hang-Hang Wang ¹, and Chi Kyu Choi ²

¹Dalian University of Technology, China (P.R.C)

²Jeju National University, Korea, Republic of

10 nm-thick ferroelectric HfO₂ films with 1.5 mol% yttrium-doping were fabricated by mid-frequency reactive magnetron co-sputtering deposition on bare Si and underlying ultrathin Hf buffer layer. Yttrium was incorporated into the HfO₂ films by simultaneously sputtering from Y and Hf metal targets under oxygen/argon mixture atmosphere. The presence of a non-centrosymmetric orthorhombic phase responsible for ferroelectricity properties in yttrium-doped HfO₂ (Y:HfO₂) films after annealing treatment was established by high-resolution transmission electron microscopy and X-ray diffraction. The interfacial oxide layer structure and electrical properties of Y:HfO₂ films with and without Hf buffer layer were investigated. Effects of interfacial layer on the ferroelectric characteristics were studied according to the theory calculation and analysis of experiments. As an initial oxidation protective layer, the ultra-thin Hf (~1 nm) layer covers the silicon surface and prevents the initial silicon oxidation during the deposition and post-annealing process. A remnant polarization P_r of up to 14 μC/cm² was obtained in Y:HfO₂ with Hf buffer layer. It was shown that the presence of Hf buffer layer not only improve the permittivity but also essential for the ferroelectricity of Y-doped HfO₂ thin films deposited by reactive magnetron sputtering.

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