
Optical Properties of Reversible Phase-Change Silver Selenide Thin Films by Co-Sputtering for Smart Window Applications

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Silver selenide (Ag_2Se) has drawn interest in a property of reversible solid-state phase transition, which is suitable for switching devices. It has the polymorphic phase transition temperature of 403 ± 2 K and the reverse transition occurred at around 373 K [1], which leads to an abrupt change in physical properties, such as electrical, thermal, and ionic properties, without changing their chemical composition. The silver selenide is generally known for two kinds of stable crystalline polymorphs of the narrow band-gap orthorhombic phase ($\beta\text{-Ag}_2\text{Se}$) and the superionic cubic phase ($\alpha\text{-Ag}_2\text{Se}$) [2]. There is very few literature about the optical properties of this silver selenide, except its band gaps of 1.3-1.6 eV; therefore, it is of much importance to investigate on the phase-dependent optical properties of the silver selenide. In this study, silver selenide thin films were deposited using both Ag and Se targets by radio frequency magnetron sputtering which has several advantages such as superior adhesion of thin films and easy control for deposition rate. The silver selenide thin films were prepared with various ratios of concentration by co-sputtering method. Some physical characteristics were measured in each solid-state phase by controlling RTA temperature for phase-transition. Structural properties of the thin films were analyzed by using X-ray diffraction. Optical and electrical characteristics of the thin films were analyzed by using an UV-Visible spectrophotometer and a Hall effect measurement system.

[1] M. C. Santhosh Kumar, B. Pradeep, *Semicond. Sci. Technol.*, Vol. 17, 261–265, 2002.

[2] J. Wang, W. Fan, J. Yang, Z. Da, X. Yang, K. Chen, H. Yu, X. Cheng, *Chemistry of Materials*, Vol. 26, 5647+5653, 2014.

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