
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERIZATION, HEAT FLUX AND THE REACTIVE OXYGEN RADICAL PRODUCTION OF ARGON ATMOSPHERIC PRESSURE PLASMA JET WITH ALCOHOL

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Atmospheric pressure plasma jet (APPJ) has been applied in various fields such as materials science, environmental and biological fields. For industrial applications, the current plasma source has many drawbacks. Therefore, the reduction of plasma production cost is still an important issue in the basic discharge research. In this study, the plasma heat flux onto Pt and Al target were investigated with pure argon or argon-ethanol mixture. Plasma heat flux can be estimated by fitting exponential time evolution of target temperature. The increase in temperatures of the Pt and Al surface are caused by the energy released in the recombination of oxygen radicals on their surface. Besides of radical measurement, the electrical characterization of the plasma jet has been determined using a high voltage probe. The Lissajous figures method are adopted for measuring the power consumption for plasma production. Furthermore, the quantitative visualization of reactive oxygen radical (ROS) in solution irradiated by APPJ were conducted.

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